

平成 22 年 度 (第 45 回)

英 語 検 定 試 験 問 題

1 級

平成 22 年 12 月 19 日 (日) 実施

注 意

1. 解答にあてられた時間は 90 分です。試験開始後の途中退場はできません。
2. 問題は全部で 12 問あります。
3. 問題 [2] ~ [6] は「聞き方」の試験です。15 分経ってから開始されます。余裕があれば、放送が始まる前に問題に目を通しておいてもかまいません。
4. いっさい声を出して読むはいけません。
5. 印刷不明のところのほかは、問題についての質問はいっさいできません。
6. 解答用紙は別紙になっています。答えはすべて解答用紙にマークしなさい。
7. 筆記用具は B または HB の黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルを用いなさい。
(万年筆、ボールペンは使用不可)
8. 氏名等、必要事項を解答用紙の決められた欄に記入およびマークしなさい。
9. 問題用紙、解答用紙ともに提出してください。

主催 財団法人 全国商業高等学校協会

解答用紙番号		
受験番号		
年	組	番
氏名		

1 次の各組の語の中に、第1音節（1番目の部分）をもっとも強く発音する語が1つずつあります。その語の番号を選びなさい。

- a. ① a-rise ② in-quire ③ plan-et ④ sur-vive
- b. ① con-fuse ② ob-serve ③ re-flect ④ strug-gle
- c. ① ad-di-tion ② cir-cum-stance ③ en-cour-age ④ re-ceiv-er
- d. ① ap-par-ent ② de-ci-sion ③ pro-pos-al ④ sen-si-ble
- e. ① e-mer-gen-cy ② mis-er-a-ble ③ po-lit-i-cal ④ su-pe-ri-or

2 これから a～e の英語の問いがそれぞれ2回ずつ読まれます。その問いに対するもっとも適切な答えを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. ① No, an official packed it.
② Yes, I packed it myself.
③ It is my suitcase, but I didn't pack it.
④ I packed it, but it's not my suitcase.
- b. ① Will you be my girlfriend?
② Why won't you marry me?
③ Will you marry me?
④ I'm sorry, but I can't.
- c. ① You wouldn't want to finish your housework.
② Please do some housework now.
③ You must have finished your homework.
④ You'd better do your homework now.
- d. ① I can't make myself understood in English.
② I can't make myself heard because my voice is too low.
③ His gestures make our communication very smooth.
④ His English is clear enough for our communication.
- e. ① Please remember to walk the dog every day.
② Do you remember looking after the dog while I was away?
③ Please don't feed him at all.
④ Could you please keep the quiet dog?

- 3 これから a～e の英文がそれぞれ2回ずつ読まれます。その応答としてもっとも適当な答えを
①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. ① I got it cut at the new shop.
② I found it in my pocket.
③ He was cutting the wood.
④ I went last Sunday.
- b. ① It's a lot milder than here.
② There are many mountains.
③ I enjoyed myself very much.
④ They speak both English and French.
- c. ① Don't be afraid of strangers.
② I'm taking a direct flight.
③ I'm sure this is the right way.
④ The street is getting very crowded, isn't it?
- d. ① I often hear her laughing so hard.
② She hears from me once a week.
③ She wrote to me by email.
④ She seldom writes to me.
- e. ① Me too, I need to put on weight.
② Me too, I'm on a diet now.
③ Me too, it's so heavy that I can't lift it.
④ Me too, I'm starving.

4 はじめに短い会話があります。次にその内容についての問いの文が読まれます。同じ会話と問いの文がもう1回くり返されます。その問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. ① Because she is happy that they are getting married.
② To celebrate the opening of her new computer room.
③ Because she loves the movies.
④ Because she wants them to use the new guest room.
- b. ① He's dying of many illnesses.
② He's in good health.
③ He eats too many good dinners.
④ He likes reading books in the library.
- c. ① She doesn't think reading the newspaper is difficult.
② She thinks it's good because newspaper companies can earn a lot of money.
③ She thinks that more newspapers should be printed on paper.
④ She thinks it's better for the environment.
- d. Because the man $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{① gave her juice that was too old.} \\ \text{② tried to kill her.} \\ \text{③ bought some bitter juice at the shop.} \\ \text{④ threw away the good juice.} \end{array} \right.$
- e. ① Father likes apples.
② Father probably ate half a worm.
③ Father will get the boy a new apple.
④ Father's apple was OK.

5 これから英文が2回くり返して読まれます。その内容と一致するものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

a. Compared to the British, Americans are usually

- ① more careful about saying words.
- ② less careful about saying words.
- ③ more formal when they speak.
- ④ slower speakers.

b. People in the U.S. and in the U.K.

- ① always use the same expressions.
- ② often speak too quickly.
- ③ don't use body language often.
- ④ sometimes use different expressions.

c. When Americans ask questions, they usually

- ① use the word "do".
- ② don't use the word "do".
- ③ start with "have".
- ④ cause confusion.

d. English can be confusing

- ① because it never changes.
- ② because it is different in different places.
- ③ because native speakers can't understand English.
- ④ because British English is more popular than American English.

e. Most languages around the world

- ① are changed by the people who use them.
- ② are difficult to pronounce.
- ③ don't change much.
- ④ are exactly the same in the places they are used.

- 6 JohnとBethが会話をしています。その会話の内容について英語で5つの問いが読まれます。同じ会話と問いがもう1回くり返されます。それぞれの問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. Because
- ① the heavy rain stopped the traffic.
 - ② her mom's car broke down on the way to school.
 - ③ her mom got lost on the way to school.
 - ④ the road was too crowded.
- b. Because he thinks that
- ① the number of cars is decreasing.
 - ② his sports car has some problems.
 - ③ his father doesn't allow him to use a car.
 - ④ too many cars are on the road.
- c.
- ① He is not interested in having one any more.
 - ② He wants to have a sports car.
 - ③ He would rather drive a taxi.
 - ④ He likes old cars.
- d.
- ① Taking buses.
 - ② Taking trains.
 - ③ Owning a car.
 - ④ Riding a bike.
- e. It means that Beth's homeroom teacher
- ① wasn't late for school but Beth was.
 - ② could avoid the rain but Beth couldn't.
 - ③ made his own bike but Beth didn't.
 - ④ could ride a bike but Beth couldn't.

- 7 次の英文(A)の内容を要約した英文(B)の①～④の()の中にはどんな語句が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

(A)

A car needs fuel in its engine in order to run. Your body also needs fuel, or food, in order to work for you. Eating the right kinds of food is wise. You can help your body grow strong by caring about what you eat.

A good place to start is with the four basic food groups. The *dairy group has foods like milk, cheese, and butter. The other three groups are the meat and fish group, the fruit and vegetable group, and the bread and **cereal group. Each meal should have at least one food from all four basic groups. The right combination of these foods will give you needed energy during the day.

It is easy to slip into bad eating habits. You may skip breakfast to get to school on time. Or you may not have time for a good lunch. It may seem easy to fill up on snacks, but you may find yourself feeling tired later. Often you are unable to think as clearly. It is hard to pay attention to your studies. These signs are telling you to take time to eat correctly.

Checking what you eat for one week is a good way to improve your food habits. You may be surprised at what food groups you leave out of meals. Snacking can be a big problem. Sweets can still have a place in your diet. Foods with lots of sugar should not be eaten in place of the basic foods. It is better to eat them along with a balanced meal.

Watching what you eat will help keep your body healthy and strong. Let's have the right meal at the right time.

*dairy : 乳製品の **cereal : シリアル (コーンフレークなど)

(B)

In order to make our body healthy and strong, we need to think carefully about (a). We need to have meals that are well-balanced. Balanced meals are a good combination of (b) food groups. We should have meals that contain all of the food groups (c). If we do not have meals and have just snacks, we may (d). When we have snacks or sweets that contain a lot of sugar, we should eat them (e). We should have the right meal at the right time.

a (① what we eat ② where we eat ③ how much we eat
④ how often we eat)

b (① two ② three ③ four ④ five)

c (① once a day ② once a week ③ each time
④ at breakfast)

d (① feel sad ② become hungry ③ get angry
④ not concentrate on our work)

e (① with a good meal ② with diet foods ③ instead of a meal
④ with milk)

8 次の会話文を読んで、(a)~(e)の空所に入るもっとも適当な文を①~⑥の中からそれぞれ1つずつ選びなさい。

George : In Japan, eco products, or earth-friendly goods, seem to be very popular.

Yuko : Yes, that's because global warming is a serious problem.
_____ (a)

George : I am, too. Do you have any eco products at home?

Yuko : Yes, my father bought a "hybrid" car last year.

George : What's a "hybrid" car?

Yuko : It runs on a combination of gasoline and electricity.
_____ (b)

George : Is it also less expensive than an ordinary car?

Yuko : I'm afraid not. _____ (c)

George : So, even if you can save money on fuel, if the car itself is expensive, not many people will buy "hybrid" cars, I suppose.

Yuko : _____ (d) When my father bought the "hybrid" car, the government offered some money and reduced the tax.

George : That's generous.

Yuko : Why don't you buy a "hybrid" car like my father's?

George : I wish I could, but _____ (e) Next time I buy a car, I will.

- ① The Japanese government has encouraged us to buy eco products.
- ② We're very much concerned about our environment.
- ③ It doesn't use any gasoline.
- ④ I can't afford it now.
- ⑤ It's getting cheaper, though.
- ⑥ This means it consumes less gasoline than an ordinary car.

9 次の a～e の英文の () の中に入るもっとも適当な語を①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

a. If you meet someone on business, you have to make an () in advance.

- ① export ② appointment ③ officer ④ expert

b. You have to be careful when you thread a ().

- ① suit ② cloth ③ ring ④ needle

c. The car is made in this country. In other words, it is a () product.

- ① domestic ② foreign ③ natural ④ real

d. I got angry because Jack had () my secret.

- ① regretted ② kept ③ leaked ④ poured

e. It is said that Alexander Bell () the telephone in 1876.

- ① told ② invented ③ polished ④ hung

10 次の英文の①～⑤の () にはどんな語句が入りますか。①～④の中からもっとも適当なものを1つずつ選びなさい。

Have you ever heard the word, “BRICs”? The word stands for four countries, Brazil, (①), India and China, whose economies have been rapidly developing. Let’s have a look at the reasons why one of these countries, India, is becoming successful.

Can you imagine why India’s economy is (②) these days? Experts point out two possible reasons. The first is that the country stresses (③) education. For example, can you answer this question: “What does 15 times 18 equal?” without using a calculator? A lot of intelligent Indian people can answer it at once, because this skill is very important in the area of information technology (IT). So people who want to get rich study this subject very hard and are engaged in the IT field.

(④), a lot of Indian people speak English. India consists of various *ethnic groups, and there are about 800 languages. However, the U.K. ruled India in the past and so it is English that is also used as a means of communication between the different ethnic groups. The broad use of English makes it easier for Indian people to do business in the **international community.

(⑤), India is likely to continue enjoying economic growth and maybe India will become a developed country in the near future.

*ethnic : 民族の **international community : 国際社会

- a (① Bangladesh ② Canada ③ Italy ④ Russia)
- b (① growing ② going bad ③ struggling ④ settled)
- c (① English ② math ③ P.E. ④ geography)
- d (① Last ② However ③ On the other hand ④ Second)
- e (① Otherwise ② However ③ In conclusion
④ On the other hand)

11 次の a～e の各組の英文の内容をほぼ同じにするには () の中にはどんな語句が入りますか。①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

a. Oil took the place of coal in the 20th century.

Oil (① needed ② replaced ③ removed ④ created) coal in the 20th century.

b. You must not leave out any details.

You must not (① tell ② support ③ collect ④ omit) any details.

c. Feel free to ask me any questions.

Don't (① try ② hesitate ③ remember ④ stop) to ask me any questions.

d. The train was late because of the heavy snow.

The train was (① stuck ② damaged ③ delayed ④ destroyed) by the heavy snow.

e. My uncle goes to the gym every day for the purpose of improving his health.

My uncle goes to the gym every day (① though ② unless ③ so that ④ after) he can improve his health.

12 次の a～e の英文の意味が通るようにするには、() 中の語をどのように並べたらよいですか。正しい順序のものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

a. Hi, everyone. Please (1. make 2. at 3. yourself 4. home).

[① 1-2-4-3 ② 1-3-2-4 ③ 1-4-2-3 ④ 2-4-1-3]

b. He talks (1. if 2. he 3. as 4. knew) everything.

[① 1-2-4-3 ② 2-4-3-1 ③ 3-1-2-4 ④ 3-2-4-1]

c. You should not (1. advantage 2. his 3. of 4. take) mistake.

[① 1-2-4-3 ② 1-4-2-3 ③ 4-1-3-2 ④ 4-2-1-3]

d. I make (1. a 2. it 3. to 4. rule) get up at five o'clock every morning.

[① 1-4-3-2 ② 2-1-3-4 ③ 2-1-4-3 ④ 3-4-2-1]

e. You have to finish your homework (1. are 2. however 3. tired 4. you).

[① 1-4-3-2 ② 2-3-4-1 ③ 4-2-3-1 ④ 4-3-1-2]