### 令 和 2 年 度 ( 第 65 回 )

## 英語検定試験問題

# 2 級

令和2年12月20日(日)実施

#### −注 意

- 1. 解答にあたえられた時間は80分です。試験開始後の途中退場はできません。
- 2. 問題は全部で 12 問あります。
- 3. 問題 3 ~ 6 は「聞き方」の試験です。15 分程経ってから開始されます。余裕があれば、放送が始まる前に問題に目を通しておいてもかまいません。
- 4. いっさい声を出して読んではいけません。
- 5. 印刷不明のところのほかは、問題についての質問はいっさいできません。
- 6. 解答用紙は別紙になっています。答えはすべて解答用紙にマークしなさい。
- 7. 筆記用具はBまたはHBの黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルを用いなさい。 (万年筆、ボールペンは使用不可)
- 8. 氏名等、必要事項を解答用紙の決められた欄に記入およびマークしなさい。
- 9. 問題用紙、解答用紙ともに提出してください。

## 主催 公益財団法人全国商業高等学校協会

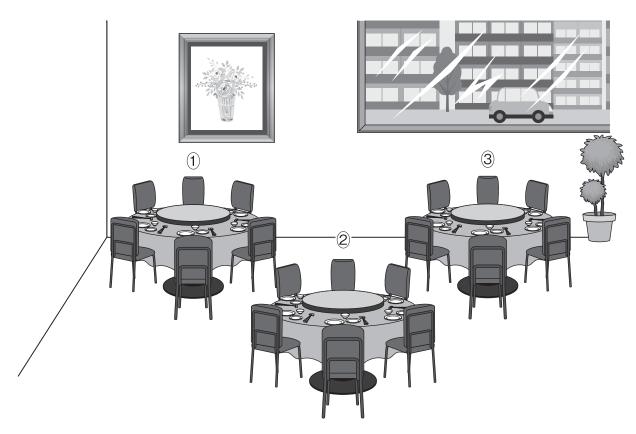
解答用紙番号			
受験都	香号		
	年	組	番
氏名			

- 1 次の各組の中に、第2音節(2番目の部分)をもっとも強く発音する語が1つずつあります。 その語の番号を選びなさい。
- a. ① cli-mate ② des-sert ③ mus-cle ④ pun-ish
- b. 1) ad-mit 2) blos-som 3) stom-ach 4) ti-tle
- c. ① av-er-age ② ex-cel-lent ③ spe-cial-ist ④ tra-di-tion
- d. 1) et-i-quette 2 im-por-tance 3 prac-ti-cal 4 var-i-ous
- e. ① dif-fi-cul-ty ② in-de-pend-ent ③ re-mark-a-ble ④ tem-per-a-ture
- ② 次の a  $\sim$  e の各問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①  $\sim$  ④ の中からそれぞれ 1 つずつ選びなさい。
  - a. Your sister has a lot of homework today but she doesn't feel like studying. You want her to do it. What would you say?
    - 1) Can you help me do it?
    - 2 You don't have to do it now.
    - ③ If you can finish it, I'll give you some more.
    - 4 Do it now, or we can't go out for dinner.
- b. There is a very popular drink among the young people in town. It's from Taiwan. You want to try it with your friend. What would you say?
  - 1 I'm not so interested in trying something new.
  - 2 I've tried it so many times because it tastes good.
  - 3 Please don't forget to try it when you are in town.
  - 4 Why don't we try the new drink that's popular in town?

- c. Your phone is missing. You want your friend to look for it with you. What would you say?
  - ① Can you help me find my phone?
  - ② I saw your phone on the kitchen table.
  - 3 Would you like me to find my phone for you?
  - 4 I'll call your number so that you can find your phone.
- d. Your father is always busy at work and comes back home late. You want him to come home earlier today because it's your birthday. What would you say?
  - ① Shall I pick you up earlier tomorrow?
  - 2 Sorry, I'm coming back home late today.
  - 3 Please finish early today because it's a special day.
  - 4 Don't rush to come back just because it's my birthday today.
- e. You want to ask your teacher if you can use your ruler during the math exam. How would you ask your teacher about this?
  - ① Please make sure you bring your ruler.
  - ② Are we allowed to use a ruler?
  - 3 Does anybody know where the rulers are?
  - 4 How can we draw lines without a ruler?

a.	Platform No.1 Circle Line Express	Platform No.2 East Line	Platform No.3 East Line Express
,	1)	2	3

b.

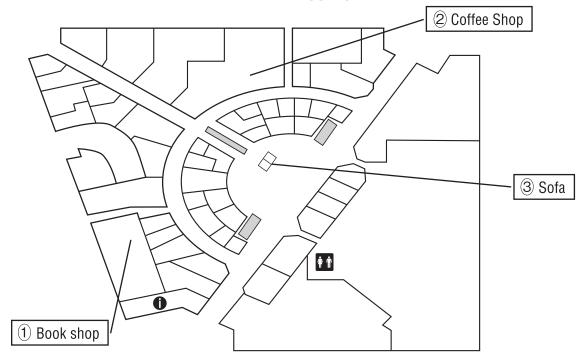


## C. National Art Museum

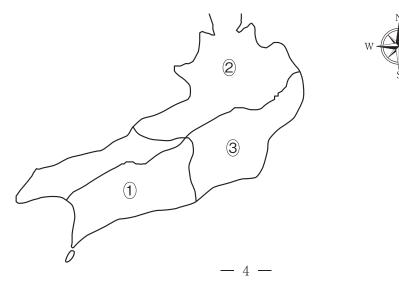
Adult	\$16
Child: 12 years old or older	\$12
Child: under 12 years old	Free
Family: 2 adults and 2 children	\$45

- 1 45 dollars
- 2 57 dollars
- 3 68 dollars

# d. Welcome to ZENSHO Shopping Mall



e.



- 4 はじめに短い英文が読まれます。次にその内容について問いの文が読まれます。同じ英文と問 いの文がもう1回くり返されます。その問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①~④の中から1つ ずつ選びなさい。
- 1 Jane. a.
  - 2 Jane's neighbors.
  - 3 Jane's parents.
  - 4 Jane's grandparents.
- 1 go straight home.
- b. Daniel will probably② go straight to the cake shop.③ call the cake shop to reserve a cake.
  - 4 go home first and then go to the cake shop.
- 1) To visit their friend in Hawaii.
  - ② To go to Hawaii and stay at a hotel.
  - 3 To visit their friend in Hokkaido.
  - 4 To go to Hokkaido and stay at a hotel.
- d. Sophie will
  - 1) wait for the bus for City Hall.

  - ask the driver how to get the right bus. call the Art Center to ask how to get there.
  - 4 get off the bus and wait for the number 17 bus.
- e. Because Laura wanted to know if they had
  - ① smaller ones.

  - ② cheaper ones.③ green ones.④ any other dresses for her friends.

- **5** これから a ~ e の英文がそれぞれ 2 回ずつ読まれます。その内容と一致するものを ① ~ ④の中 から1つずつ選びなさい。
  - ① Ryan sometimes watches the sunrise by the seaside.
    - 2 Ryan sometimes watches the sunset by the seaside.
    - 3 Ryan sometimes goes to work by car.
    - 4 Ryan loves to wake up early.
- 1) Bill's mother asked him to put more food in the refrigerator.
  - ② Bill's mother didn't have to cook dinner last night.
  - 3 Bill doesn't have to buy anything for dinner.
  - 4 Bill doesn't have to cook dinner tonight.
- c. ① Stacy wants to go to a music hall to enjoy her favorite band.
  - 2 Stacy wants to play music with others.
  - 3 Stacy is a good singer.
  - 4 Stacy is tired of playing music with her band.
    - ① 25 years old, you will pay \$1,500 for a ticket at 7 p.m.
- d. If you are 25 years old, you will pay 1,800 for a ticket at 7 p.m. 3 a 17-year-old student, you will pay 1,500 for a ticket.

  - 4 a 17-year-old student, you will pay \$1,800 for a ticket.
- 1) Emma loved to study science when she was a junior high school student.
  - 2 Emma wants to enjoy her science lesson in her old high school.
  - 3 Emma's science lesson is popular among her students.
  - 4 Emma wants to be a teacher and teach science.

- 6 RickとMomokoが会話をしています。その内容について英語で5つの問いが読まれます。同じ 会話と問いがもう一回くり返されます。その問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①~④の中から 1つずつ選びなさい。
  - 1 once lived in Japan.
- a. Rick 2 has never been in Japan before.
  3 is meeting Momoko for the first time.
  4 was working in the café they used to visit.
- 1) They started serving a bigger cup of coffee.
  - ② They moved the café to a bigger town.
  - 3 The café is still very popular.
  - 4 The café is no longer open.
    - 1) there are no shops and houses.
- c. Because 2 the old shops are disappearing.
  3 people don't live in town anymore.
  - 4 all the houses and buildings are old.

- d. 1 They are losing business.
  - 2 They are doing very well.
  - 3 People started building more spaces for cars.
  - 4 People started buying more from small shops.
    - 1 different cities have different small shops.
- e. Because 2 they have lots of small shops.
  3 they all have the same restaurants and convenience stores.
  4 there aren't enough cafés.

[7] 次の英文を読んで、a~eについて本文の内容と一致するものを①~④の中から1つずつ選び

なさい。

When people tell us that we have done something wrong, they are

giving us \*1 criticism. Most of us do not like hearing it. Also, many people

do not like giving criticism because they do not want to hurt someone

else's feelings. However, if we avoid criticism, we cannot make any

progress. So, how can we give and get criticism well?

If you are giving criticism, try not to only talk about a person's bad

points. When we do that, the listener often loses hope. Be sure to point

out some good points, and give your advice kindly. This should be about

an important thing that the other person can work on. Try to give the

person something to aim for.

If you get criticism, though it is hard to feel good, try to have a

\*2positive attitude. Criticism can help us be more successful, so even if

your actions are attacked or spoken of badly, stay cool. Write down what

they say, and look at the ideas they gave you later. Remember, the goal

is making progress! If you keep that in mind, accepting and giving

**—** 9 **—** 

criticism becomes much easier.

\*¹criticism:批判 \*²positive:前向きな

〔令和2年度 第65回 2級〕

- a. People don't want their actions taken willingly.seriously.politely.
- b. People don't feel comfortable
  - ① saying something good.

  - 2 pointing out bad points.3 hearing their strong points.4 hearing the listener's hopes.
- c. When offering criticism, you should
  - 1) write down your ideas.

  - avoid saying their good points.
    give the person a goal.
    only talk about their bad points.
- d. When you receive criticism, it is better
  - 1) to forget about it.

  - 2 to be silent.
    3 to be impatient.
    4 to consider it carefully.
- e. Writing down advice from others makes it
  - ① easier to accept.
  - ② difficult to accept.③ easy to refuse.④ hard to realize.

图 次の会話文を読んで、(a) $\sim$ (e)に入るもっとも適当なものを $①$ $\sim$ $⑥$ の中からそれぞれ $1$ つず
つ選びなさい。
Sally: Hi, Jiro. It's nice to see you. You look so serious, though.
(a)
Jiro: Oh hi, Sally. I'm just looking at a list of fortune-tellers on the
Internet. I've found there are many of them in this area.
You know, I've always wanted to have my fortune told.
Sally: Why is that?
Jiro:(b) I wonder if I will be able to get a good job.
Sally: Oh, I see(c)
Jiro: Thank you. You see, as I said, there are many on the list.
(d)
Sally: Hmm. Here's one. Mrs. Zara can tell you your fortune for \$70.
Jiro: That's really expensive. Is there a cheaper one?
Sally: What about this one?(e)
Jiro: That's cheaper. Would you like to try it with me?
Sally: OK. Let me call the number now.
① Ms. Cleo can tell you your fortune over the phone for \$3 for ten
minutes.
② I'm so worried about my future.
3 Do you know when I can get that information?
4 Let me help you find a fortune-teller.
⑤ It's hard to decide by myself.
6 What are you looking at?

9	次の a ~ e の英文の い。	の( )に入るもっ	とも適当なものを①~④(	の中から1つずつ選びなさ
a.			sea. You must pay  ③ discussion	
b.			e washing machine  ③ photographer	
c.			ple said when I ch ③ care	
d.	You should alw 1 remind		r parents.  ③ repeat	4 respect
e.			of a ( ) accide	

10 次の英文の②~ ©にはどの語句が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~ ④の中から1つずつ 選びなさい。

Have you ever wondered why we have \*eyebrows? Experiments show that they stop sweat from running into our eyes. Another experiment shows that they (ⓐ) the skin below the eyebrows, the thinnest part on the body. Also, (ⓑ) another recent experiment, our eyebrows serve to express our feelings.

One scientist tried the following experiment. A man had his face covered with a mask (©) some people could only see his eyes. Later, he had his face covered with another mask so that they could only see his eyebrows. Each time, he was asked to express various feelings such as anger, happiness, worry, and fear, while wearing the masks. The people watching were asked which feeling they thought he was expressing.

The results showed that people were able to ( @ ) the man's feeling better when they could only see the movements of his eyebrows than when they only see his eyes.

It is often said that the eyes are more expressive than the mouth. ( @ ), judging from this study, the eyebrows express even more than the eyes.

### \*eyebrow(s):まゆ毛

- (a) (1) cut (2) damage (3) prepare (4) protect)
- (1) according to (2) compared to (3) thanks to (4) owing to)
- © (1) before ② since ③ so that ④ whether)
- d (1 cover 2 guess 3 make 4 present)
- (e) (f) Fortunately (2) However (3) Unfortunately (4) Sadly)

11	次の英文の a $\sim$ e の英文の( ) にはどの語句が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを① $\sim$ ③ の中から $1$ つずつ選びなさい。
a.	I'm looking forward to (1) see 2 seeing 3 be seen) my old friend next summer.
b.	I don't know if it (1) snows 2 snowed 3 will snow) this weekend.
C.	The more time you spend studying, the (① good ② better ③ best) your grades get.
d.	When did you have your computer (1) repair 2 repaired 3 repairing)?
e.	I hurt (1) my 2 me 3 myself) when I was playing football.
12	次の英文の a $\sim$ e の英文の意味が通るようにするには、( ) の中の語句をどのように並べたらよいですか。正しい順番のものを① $\sim$ ④ の中から $1$ つずつ選びなさい。
a.	You should (1. from 2. protected 3. keep 4. your skin) the sun. [① 2-4-1-3 ② 3-1-4-2 ③ 3-4-2-1 ④ 4-3-2-1]
b.	You (1. your report 2. finish 3. to 4. are) by Friday.
	[① 2-1-4-3 ② 2-3-1-4 ③ 4-2-3-1 ④ 4-3-2-1]
C.	The news about (1. them 2. the accident 3. sad 4. made).  [① 1-4-3-2 ② 2-4-1-3 ③ 2-4-3-1 ④ 4-2-1-3]
d.	I (1. find 2. myself 3. to 4. awoke) on the floor.  [① 1-2-3-4 ② 1-3-4-2 ③ 2-4-3-1 ④ 4-3-1-2]
e.	It doesn't (1. whether 2. you 3. matter 4. lose) the match or not.  [① 3-1-2-4 ② 3-2-4-1 ③ 4-1-2-3 ④ 4-2-1-3]

